<b>Enrollment No:</b>	Exam Seat No:

# **C.U.SHAH UNIVERSITY**

# Winter Examination-2018

**Subject Name: Clinical Biochemistry** 

Subject Code: 2SC01CLB1 Branch: PGDMLT

Semester: 1 Date: 28/11/2018 Time: 02:30 To 05:30 Marks: 70

#### **Instructions:**

- (1) Use of Programmable calculator & any other electronic instrument is prohibited.
- (2) Instructions written on main answer book are strictly to be obeyed.
- (3) Draw neat diagrams and figures (if necessary) at right places.
- (4) Assume suitable data if needed.

# Q-1. Complete the following sentences by choosing correct word given in the brackets:

1x14=14(a) Hemoglobin is a \_\_\_\_\_\_ Protein. (Simple / Conjugated) (b) \_\_\_\_\_ is a non reducing sugar. (Sucrose / Glucose) (c) Tyrosine is a \_\_\_\_\_ amino acid. (Essential / Non-essential) (d) Osmosis is a \_\_\_\_\_ Flow of solvent across a cell membrane. (Active / Passive) (e) Normal level of serum calcium is \_\_\_\_\_ mg/dL. ( 9 to 11 / 0.9 to 0.11) (f) End product of Heme catabolism is\_\_\_\_\_\_. (Biliverdin / Bilirubin) (g) Fatty Acid Synthesis takes place in \_\_\_\_\_\_. (Mitochondria / Cytoplasm) (h) \_\_\_\_\_ Deficiency leads to Beriberi. (Thiamine / Niacin) (i) Reducing sugars can be detected by \_\_\_\_\_\_ test. (Benedict's / Barfoed's) (j) One molecule of NADH can produce \_\_\_\_\_ ATPs. (Two / Three) (k) are called suicidal bags of the cell. (Lysosomes / Golgi Apparatus) (l) Serum lipase level increases in \_\_\_\_\_\_ disease. (Cardiac / pancreatic) (m)\_\_\_\_\_ is an example of Hormone. (Inulin / Insulin) (n) \_\_\_\_\_\_ RNA is required for transfer amino acids from cytoplasm to the ribosomal protein synthesizing machinery. (Ribosomal / Transfer)

#### Attempt any four from the following:-

#### Q-2. Explain the following -

2x7=14

(a) Explain structure, types & functions of Immunoglobulin.



(b) Classify Enzymes & explain the mechanism of enzyme action by various models.

#### Q-3. Explain the following -

2x7=14

- (a) Explain Structure & Biological functions of Homopolysaccharides.
- (b) Classify lipids & Explain in brief about Essential Fatty acids.

### Q-4. Write short notes on the following -

5+5+4=14

- (a) Basal Metabolic Rate (BMR).
- (b) Structure & function of Hemoglobin.
- (c) Enzyme Linked Immunosorbant Assay (ELISA) types & applications.

## Q-5. Write in brief on the following -

5+5+4=14

- (a) Enumerate Liver Function tests.
- (b) Biochemical Functions of Calcium & Phosphorus.
- (c) Enumerate Vitamin A Deficiency Disorders.

# Q-6. Explain the following -

2 X 7=14

- (a) Explain various steps of Protein Synthesis (translation) & Post-translational Modification.
- (b) Enumerate different types of Fatty acid oxidation. Explain steps of beta oxidation & it's energetic.

#### Q-7. Write in brief on the following -

5 +5+4=14

- (a) Inhibitors & Uncouplers of Oxidative phosphorylation.
- (b) Role of Quality Control in Clinical Biochemistry Laboratory.
- (c) Important products derived from Tyrosine metabolism.

#### Q-8. Describe the following -

2 X 7=14

- (a) Types, metabolic alterations, laboratory diagnostic tests & complications of Diabetes Mellitus.
- (b) Structure & function of Mitochondria & Endoplasmic Reticulum with suitable diagrams.

